INSTRUCTION MANUAL PHOSPHINE DETECTOR TUBE

No.121SS

- ★ READ CAREFULLY THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL AND THE INSTRUCTIONS OF THE ASPIRATING PUMP PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.
- \bigstar do not discard this instruction manual until all the tubes in this box are used up.

1. PERFORMANCE:

🔓 fil Srienres

Measuring Range	: 200 - 3000 ppm	400 - 6000 ppm
and Sampling Time	: 1 minute	30 seconds
Number of Pump Strokes	: 1 (100 mL)	1/2 (50 mL)
(*) Graduations on the detector tube are based on 1 pump stroke.		
Colour Change	: White \rightarrow Orange	
Detectable Limit	: 5 ppm (1 pump stro	oke)
Operating Temperature	: 0 - 40 °C (32-104°	F) (No correction is necessary.)
Aspirating Pump	: Model AP-20, AP-	20S, 400B, AP-1, AP-1S or 400A

- 1. THE DETECTOR TUBE CONTAINS CHEMICAL REAGENTS.
- 2. DO NOT TOUCH THESE REAGENTS DIRECTLY ONCE TUBES WERE BROKEN.
- 3. KEEP THE TUBES OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.
- 4. IF THE CONCENTRATION IS OVER THE FULL SCALE, THE HIGH CONCENTRATION OF PHOSPHINE REMAINS IN THE ASPIRATING PUMP. BE CAREFUL NOT TO BREATHE THE REMAINING GAS. AFTER MEASUREMENT, THE REMAINING GAS IS PUSHED OUT FROM THE BOTTOM CASE OF THE PUMP WHEN THE HANDLE IS PUSHED BACK AND PULLED. IN CASE OF THE ABOVE, PUSH BACK AND PULL THE HANDLE WITHOUT CONNECTING THE TUBE AT THE LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION DEVICE. REPEAT THIS OPERATION AT LEAST FIVE TIMES IN ORDER TO REMOVE THE REMAINING GAS.

NOTICE

- 1. USE ONLY WITH PUMP MODELS AP-20, AP-20S, 400B, AP-1, AP-1S OR 400A. OTHERWISE, CONSIDERABLE ERROR IN INDICATION MAY OCCUR.
- 2. BEFORE TESTING, CHECK THE ASPIRATING PUMP FOR LEAKS (**REFER TO ITEM 8. INSPECTION OF ASPIRATING PUMP**). ANY PUMPS SHOWING SIGNS OF LEAKAGE SHOULD BE CORRECTED BEFORE USE.
- 3. DO NOT USE THIS TUBE OUTSIDE THE STATED OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE.
- 4. STORE TUBES IN A COOL AND DARK PLACE (0-25 °C/32-77°F), AND USE BEFORE EXPIRATION DATE PRINTED ON TOP OF THE BOX.
- 5. PRIOR TO USE, READ CAREFULLY ITEM 9 USER RESPONSIBILITY.
- 6. READ THE CONCENTRATION IMMEDIATELY AFTER MEASUREMENT.

2. SAMPLING AND MEASUREMENT:

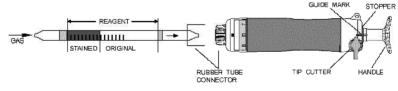


Fig.1

Break both ends of the detector tube. ACAUTION SAFETY GLASSES AND GLOVES SHOULD BE WORN TO PREVENT INJURY FROM SPLINTERING GLASS.

- ② Insert the detector tube into the aspirating pump securely as shown in Fig.1. (Arrow mark shall point to the pump.)
- ③ Align the guide marks on the shaft and stopper of the aspirating pump.
- ④ Pull the pump handle at a full stroke until it locks and wait for 1 minute or until the completion of sampling is

confirmed with the flow indicator of the pump (See descriptions about the flow indicator in the instruction manual of the pump).

- ⑤ On completion of sampling, read the scale at the maximum point of the stained layer.
- (6) When the concentration is over the scale range, 1/2 pump strokes can be used to determine concentrations of 400 to 6000 ppm.
 - 1) Remove the detector tube from the pump.
- 2) Turn the pump handle right or left by 1/4 (90°), push it toward to the pump.
- 3) Insert the new tube to the pump inlet.
- 4) Pull the pump handle at 1/2 strokes until it locks and wait for 30 seconds or until the completion of sampling is confirmed with the flow indicator of the pump.
- 5) On completion of sampling, read the scale at the maximum point of the stained layer.
- 6) Then multiply the reading value by 2.

SPECIAL NOTE: I. The scale is calibrated at 20 ℃ (68°F), 50 %R.H. and 1013hPa. Readings obtained in other circumstances should be corrected (REFER TO ITEM 3. CORRECTION FOR AMBIENT CONDITIONS).

II. When the maximum point of the stained layer is unclear or oblique, read the scale at the centre between the longest and shortest points.

3. CORRECTION FOR AMBIENT CONDITIONS:

- ① Temperature; No correction is necessary.
- 2 Humidity; No correction is necessary.
- (3) Atmospheric Pressure; True concentration = Tube reading \times _____

Atmospheric pressure (in hPa)

1013

4. INTERFERENCE:

100% Carbon dioxide and less than 3% Methyl bromide does not affect the readings. More than 3% Hydrogen cyanide and more than 0.6% Ammonia bleach out a stained layer at the side of gas inlet and will give higher readings.

5. CHEMICAL REACTION IN THE DETECTOR TUBE:

 $PH_3 + KIO_3 \rightarrow I_2$

6. DISPOSAL OF TUBE:

USED TUBES SHOULD BE DISPOSED CAREFULLY ACCORDING TO RELEVANT REGULATIONS, IF ANY.

7. HAZARDOUS AND DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF PHOSPHINE:

TLV-TWA ◆ : 0.3 ppm

Explosion range in air : More than 1.8 %

◆ Threshold Limit Value established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 2007.

8. INSPECTION OF ASPIRATING PUMP:

Checking for leaks;

- ① Insert a sealed and unbroken detector tube into the pump.
- ② Align the guide marks on the shaft and stopper of the pump.
- 3 Pull the handle to a full stroke and wait for 1 minute as it is.
- ① Unlock the handle and allow it to return slowly into the pump with holding the cylinder and handle securely.
 ▲ CAUTION HANDLE WILL TEND TO SNAP BACK INTO THE PUMP QUICKLY.
- (5) If the handle returns completely to the original position, the performance is satisfactory. Otherwise, refer to maintenance procedures shown in the instruction manual of the pump to correct the leakage.

9. USER RESPONSIBILITY:

It is the sole responsibility of the user of this equipment to ensure that the equipment is operated, maintained, and repaired in strict accordance with these instructions and the instructions provided with each Model AP-20, AP-20S, 400B, AP-1, AP-1S or 400A aspirating pump, and that detector tubes are not used which are either beyond their expiration date or have a colour change different to that stated in the Performance specifications.

The Manufacturer and Manufacturer's Distributors shall not be otherwise liable for any incorrect measurement or any damages, whether damages result from negligence or otherwise.