

# INSTRUCTION MANUAL HYDROGEN SUI PHIDE DETECTOR TUBE

No.120UT

- ★ READ THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL AND THE INSTRUCTIONS OF THE ASPIRATING PUMP PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.
- ★ DO NOT DISCARD CAREFULLY THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL UNTIL ALL THE TUBES IN THIS BOX ARE USED UP.

## 1. PERFORMANCE:

Measuring Range : 5 - 40% (\*) 2.5 - 5% and Pump Stroke : 1/2 pump stroke 1 pump stroke (\*) Graduations on the detector tube are based on a 1/2 pump stroke.

( ) Graduations on	the detector table are based on a 1/2 pamp stroke.
Sampling Time	: 1 minute 1.5 minutes
Colour Change	: Pale blue → Black
Operating Temperature	: 0 - 40 °C (32-104°F) (No temperature correction is necessary.)
Aspirating Pump	: Model AP-20, AP-20S, 400B

## A CAUTION

- 1. THE DETECTOR TUBE CONTAINS CHEMICAL REAGENTS.
- 2. DO NOT TOUCH THESE REAGENTS DIRECTLY ONCE TUBES WERE BROKEN.
- 3. KEEP THE TUBES OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.
- 4. IF THE CONCENTRATION IS OVER THE FULL SCALE, THE HIGH CONCENTRATION OF HYDROGEN SULFIDE REMAINS IN THE ASPIRATING PUMP. BE CAREFUL NOT TO BREATHE THE REMAINING GAS. AFTER MEASUREMENT, THE REMAINING GAS IS PUSHED OUT FROM THE BOTTOM CASE

OF THE PUMP (FROM A IN FIG.1) WHEN THE HANDLE IS PUSHED BACK AND PULLED. IN CASE OF THE ABOVE, PUSH BACK AND PULL THE HANDLE WITHOUT CONNECTING THE TUBE AT THE LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION DEVICE. REPEAT THIS OPERATION AT LEAST FIVE TIMES IN

ORDER TO REMOVE THE REMAINING GAS.

## NOTICE

- I. USE ONLY WITH PUMP MODELS AP-20, AP-20S, 400B. OTHERWISE, CONSIDERABLE ERROR IN INDICATION MAY OCCUR.
- BEFORE TESTING, CHECK THE ASPIRATING PUMP FOR LEAKS. (REFER TO ITEM 8.
   INSPECTION OF ASPIRATING PUMP.) ANY PUMPS SHOWING SIGNS OF LEAKAGE
   SHOULD BE CORRECTED BEFORE USE.
- 3. DO NOT USE THIS TUBE OUTSIDE THE STATED OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE.
- 4. STORE TUBES IN A COOL AND DARK PLACE (0-25 °C/32-77°F), AND USE BEFORE EXPIRATION DATE PRINTED ON THE TOP OF THE BOX.
- 5. PRIOR TO USE, READ ITEM 9. USER RESPONSIBILITY CAREFULLY.
- 6. READ THE CONCENTRATION IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRAWING THE SAMPLE.

## 2. SAMPLING AND MEASUREMENT:

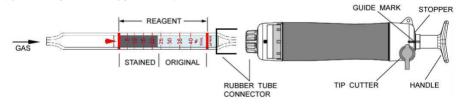


Fig.2

(1) Break both ends of the detector tube.

## ACAUTION SAFETY GLASSES AND GLOVES SHOULD BE WORN TO PREVENT INJURY FROM SPLINTERING GLASS.

- ② Insert the detector tube into the aspirating pump securely as shown in Fig.2. (Arrow mark shall point to the pump.)
- 3 Align the guide marks on the shaft and stopper of the aspirating pump.

- ④ Pull the pump handle at a 1/2 stroke until it locks and wait for 1 minute or until the completion of sampling is confirmed with the flow indicator of the pump. (See descriptions about the flow indicator in the instruction manual of the pump)
- (5) On completion of sampling, read the scale at the maximum point of the stained layer.
- When the concentration is below the scale range, 1 pump stroke can be used to determine concentrations of 2.5 - 5%.
  - 1) Remove the detector tube from the pump.
  - 2) Turn the pump handle right or left by 1/4 (90°), push it toward to the pump.
  - 3) Insert the new tube into the aspirating pump.
  - 4) Pull the pump handle at a full stroke until it locks and wait for 1.5 minutes or until the completion of sampling is confirmed with the flow indicator of the pump.
  - 5) On completion of sampling, read the scale at the maximum point of the stained layer.
  - 6) Then multiply the reading value by 0.5.

## SPECIAL NOTE:

- I. The scale is calibrated at 20 °C (68°F), 50 %R.H. and 1013hPa. Readings obtained in other circumstances should be corrected. (REFER TO ITEM 3. CORRECTION FOR AMBIENT CONDITIONS.)
- II. When the maximum point of the stained layer is unclear or oblique, read the scale at the centre between the longest and shortest points.

## 3. CORRECTION FOR AMBIENT CONDITIONS:

- ① Temperature; No correction is necessary.
- ② Humidity; No correction is necessary.
- 3 Atmospheric Pressure:

True concentration = Tube reading  $\times$ 

1013

## Atmospheric pressure (in hPa)

### 4. INTERFERENCES:

Carbon dioxde does not affect the reafings. Sulphur dioxide changes the colour of the reagent by itself but coexistence of more than 8% gives lower readings.

## 5. CHEMICAL REACTION IN THE DETECTOR TUBE:

 $H_2S + CuSO_4 \rightarrow CuS$ 

## 6. DISPOSAL OF TUBES:

USED TUBES SHOULD BE DISPOSED CAREFULLY ACCORDING TO RELEVANT REGULATIONS, IF ANY.

### 7. HAZARDOUS AND DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF HYDROGEN SULPHIDE:

TLV-TWA ◆

: 1 ppm

Explosion range in air

ange in air : 4.0 - 45.5 %

◆ Threshold Limit Value established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 2019.

#### 8. INSPECTION OF ASPIRATING PUMP:

Checking for leaks;

- ① Insert a sealed, unbroken detector tube into the pump.
- ② Align the guide marks on the shaft and stopper of the pump.
- 3 Pull the handle to a full stroke and wait for 1 minute.
- (4) Unlock the handle and allow it to return slowly into the pump by holding the cylinder and handle securely.

  ACAUTION HANDLE WILL TEND TO SNAP BACK INTO THE PUMP QUICKLY.
- (5) If the handle returns completely to the original position, the performance is satisfactory. Otherwise, refer to maintenance procedures shown in the instruction manual of the pump to correct the leakage.

## 9. USER RESPONSIBILITY:

It is the sole responsibility of the user of this equipment to ensure that the equipment is operated, maintained, and repaired in strict accordance with these instructions and the instructions provided with each Model AP-20, AP-20S, 400B aspirating pump, and that detector tubes are not used beyond their expiration date or have a colour change different to that stated in the Performance specifications. The Manufacturer and Manufacturer's Distributors shall not be otherwise liable for any incorrect measurement or any damages, whether damages result from negligence or otherwise.

<sup>\*</sup> Product specifications are subject to change without any prior notice.